## Ekapiṇḍadāyikā

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Printed August 2022

## [6. Ekapiņdadāyikā<sup>1</sup>]

In the city, Bandhumatī, there was a king² named Bandhuma.³ I was [then] the wife of that king, behaving in a certain way.⁴ (1) [46]

Gone off alone, having sat down, I then reflected in this way:
"I've done no wholesome [deeds] that [I] can take [and] go [when I have died]. (2) [47]

I have no doubt about the fact that I'll certainly go to hell, blazingly hot, laden with grief, of frightful form, [and] very cruel." (3) [48]

After having approached the king, I [then] spoke these words [to him]: "O kṣatriyan, do give to me one monk, [whom] I will [thenceforth] feed." (4) [49]

That great king gave a monk to me, with cultivated faculties.
After having taken his bowl,
I satisfied [him] with milk-rice.<sup>5</sup> (5) [50]

Having filled [it] up with milk-rice, I [applied some] scented ointment. Covering it with [some] netting, I closed [it] with a blue lotus.<sup>6</sup> (6) [51]

Making that my object of thought<sup>7</sup> for as long as [my] life [lasted],

¹"One Ball [of Food] Donor". BJTS reads Ekapiṇḍapātadāyikā, "Giver of one begged-for-almsmeal"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>lit., "a kṣatriyan".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>"Kinsman," according to my notes (ref?) also the name of the king-father of Vipassi Buddha <sup>4</sup>BJTS reads *ekajjham*, "together [with the king] (?)".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>lit., "the ultimate food." See n. to *Therāpadāna* v. [28-29]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>BJTS reads *vatthayugena*, "with a pair of cloths". Some PTS alt give *mahācolena*, "a big piece of cloth". The term *mahānela* is obscure, but used again in *Therī-apadāna* v. [79], below, where it more clearly refers to a blue lotus flower (perhaps through conflation with *mahanel*, or *mānel*, one of the Sinhala names for the blue lotus flower [*uppala*]). This translation follows the lead of BJTS Sinhala gloss, which in the case of v. [79] takes the term to be equivalent to the Sinhala *mahanel*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>lit., "Remembering that as my object of sense." Buddhist schematics thought one such sense-object (Sinhala *aramuṇu*) and in context, the meaning is clearly that she continued to think about that almsgiving for the rest of her life.

bringing pleasure to [my] heart there, I went to Tāvatiṃsa [then]. (7) [52]

I was fixed in the chief queen's place of thirty kings among the gods. Whatever my mind wishes for comes into being as desired. (8) [53]

I was fixed in the chief queen's place of twenty kings who turned the wheel. With accumulated [merit,] I transmigrated through lifetimes. (9) [54]

I am set free from every bond; my substrata are gone away;<sup>8</sup> all defilements are extinguished; now there will be no more rebirth. (10) [55]

In the ninety-one aeons since
I gave that almsgiving back then,
I've come to know no bad rebirth:
that's the fruit of food that's begged for. (11) [56]

My defilements are [now] burnt up; all [new] existence is destroyed. Like elephants with broken chains, I am living without constraint. (12) [57]

Being in Best Buddha's presence was a very good thing for me.
The three knowledges are attained;
[I have] done what the Buddha taught! (13) [58]

The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (14) [59]

Thus indeed Bhikkhunī Ekapiṇḍadāyikā spoke these verses.

The legend of Ekapiṇḍadāyikā Therī is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>*upādikā*, the foundations of defilement (*kilesas*).