Sugandha

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Printed August 2022

[527. {530.}¹ Sugandha²**]**

In this [present] lucky aeon Brahmā's Kinsman, Greatly Famed One, named Kassapa through [his] lineage,³ Best Debater,⁴ [Buddha] arose. (1) [5617]⁵

Possessing Eighty Lesser Marks, Bearing the Thirty-Two Great Marks, Having⁶ a Fathom-Wide Aura, Gone into a Net of Light-Rays,⁷ (2) [5618]

as Comforting⁸ as is the moon, Maker of Light [just] like the sun, Quenching [just] as does a raincloud, a Mine of Gems like the ocean, (3) [5619]

Through morals like earth; through wisdom like the sky; through meditation⁹ like Himalaya; like the wind [he does] not stick to anything. (4) [5620]

At one time he, the Sage So Great, Confident among Multitudes,¹⁰ is explaining the [Noble] Truths, [and] lifting up the populace. (5) [5621]

I was then a millionaire's son in Benares, very famous. Back then I was the master¹¹ of considerable wealth and grain. (6) [5622]

[While] wandering about on foot, I came up to the "Deer-Park"¹² [grove].

 $^1\!A pad\bar{a}na \ numbers \ provided \ in \ \{fancy \ brackets\} \ correspond \ to \ the \ BJTS \ edition, \ which \ contains \ more \ individual \ poems \ than \ does \ the \ PTS \ edition \ dictating \ the \ main \ numbering \ of \ this \ translation.$

²"Good Smell"

⁴vadataŋ varo

⁵Here BJTS inadvertently repeats the number 5617, so that there are two verses numbered as such

⁶lit., "Surrounded by"

⁷raŋsijālasamosa‡o

⁸assāsetā

⁹lit., samādhi

¹⁰parisāsu visārado

¹¹pahū, BJTS Sinh. gloss prabhū

¹²PTS and BJTS agree in treating this as a proper name, *Migadāya*

³gottena

There I saw the such-like Buddha, [who was] preaching the deathless state, in distinct [and] delightful words, with the [sweet] tone of a cuckoo, with the noise of a swan [or] drum, making the people understand. (7-8) [5623-5624]

Having seen that God Above Gods, and hearing his honey[-sweet] words, having abandoned no small wealth, I went forth into homelessness. (9) [5625]

Thus gone forth, in not a long time, being a very learned [monk], I became a *Dhamma*-preacher, having diverse intelligence. (10) [5626]

Amidst large multitudes I [then], happy-hearted, repeatedly,¹³ extolled the Buddha's gold color, skilled at extolling [his] beauty:¹⁴ (11) [5627]

"This is Buddha, the Undefiled,¹⁵ Unconfused One,¹⁶ With Doubt Cut Out,¹⁷ he whose Karma is All Destroyed,¹⁸ Freed in the End of Conditions.¹⁹ (12) [5628]

This is Buddha, the Blessed One; he's the Unsurpassed, the Lion, the Turner of the Brahma-wheel²⁰ for the world including the gods; (13) [5629]

Tame, the Tamer, the Peaceful One,

¹³lit., "again and again"

¹⁴this verse plays on the word "color" (*vaṇṇa*), which also means "beauty" (and caste, appearance, quality, etc.) and is the root of the word translated here as "extolled" (*vaṇṇayiŋ*) and "extolling" (*vaṇṇa*°)

¹⁵*khīņâsavo*, lit., "He Whose Defilements (or Outflows) are Destroyed"

¹⁶anīgho

¹⁷chinnasaŋsayo

¹⁸sabbakammakhayan patto, lit., "attainer of the destruction of all karma"

¹⁹reading vimuttopadhisankhaye with BJTS for PTS vimutto sațisankhaye. Upadhi = a condition or ground for rebirth

²⁰brahmacakkappavattako. BJTS and PTS agree on this reading, where one would expect dhammacakka°

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the Appeaser,<sup>21</sup> Blown Out,<sup>22</sup> the Sage,<sup>23</sup> the Quencher<sup>24</sup> and the Comforted,<sup>25</sup> the Comforter<sup>26</sup> of the people; (14) [5630]
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The Hero, the God, the Wise One, Wisdom, Compassionate, Master, the Conqueror, and the Victor, Not Being Reborn,²⁷ Homeless One;²⁸ (15) [5631]

Lust-less One,²⁹ Unshaking, Smart One,³⁰ Undeluded, Unequaled,³¹ Sage,³² Yoke-Bearer,³³ Bull, the Elephant, Lion, Indra³⁴ among gurus; (16) [5632]

Passionless One,³⁵ Stainless One,³⁶ God,³⁷ God of Speakers,³⁸ Fault-Renouncer,³⁹ Unobstructed⁴⁰ and Free of Grief,⁴¹ Unequaled,⁴² Restrained,⁴³ the Pure One;⁴⁴ (17) [5633]

the Brahmin,⁴⁵ the Monk⁴⁶ [and] the Lord,⁴⁷ the Physician⁴⁸ [and] the Surgeon,⁴⁹

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<sup>21</sup>sametā, fr. sameti
<sup>22</sup>nibbuto
<sup>23</sup>isi
<sup>24</sup>nibbāpetā
<sup>25</sup>assattho. Could also be, "The Bodhi (asvattha) Tree"
<sup>26</sup>assāsetā
<sup>27</sup>apaqabbho, "not returning to the womb"
<sup>28</sup>anālayo, lit., "lair-less one"
<sup>29</sup>anejo
<sup>30</sup>dhīmā, BJTS gloss nuvanätiyē ya
<sup>31</sup>asamo
<sup>32</sup>muni
<sup>33</sup>dhorayho
<sup>34</sup>sakko
<sup>35</sup>virāgo
<sup>36</sup>vimalo
<sup>37</sup>brahmā
<sup>38</sup>vādisuro
<sup>39</sup>ranañjaho, or "battle-renouncer" "sin-renouncer" "fault-abandoner"
<sup>40</sup>akhilo
<sup>41</sup>visallo
<sup>42</sup>asamo
<sup>43</sup>payato
<sup>44</sup>suci
<sup>45</sup>brāhmano
<sup>46</sup>samano
<sup>47</sup>nātho
<sup>48</sup>bhisakko
<sup>49</sup>sallakattako, "the one who works on the (poison) arrow."
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Warrior,<sup>50</sup> Buddha, Sacred Lore,<sup>51</sup>
Unshaking,<sup>52</sup> the Glad One,<sup>53</sup> the Free;<sup>54</sup> (18) [5634]
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Upholder,⁵⁵ Ready,⁵⁶ the Slayer,⁵⁷ the Doer,⁵⁸ the Guide,⁵⁹ Explainer,⁶⁰ the Gladdener,⁶¹ the Enjoyer,⁶² the Cutter,⁶³ the Hearer,⁶⁴ the Praised;⁶⁵ (19) [5635]

Unobstructed⁶⁶ and Extensive,⁶⁷ Unconfused One,⁶⁸ Not Uncertain,⁶⁹ Lust-less,⁷⁰ Unstained,⁷¹ the Companion,⁷² Goer,⁷³ the Speaker,⁷⁴ Explainer;⁷⁵ (20) [5636]

the Crosser,⁷⁶ the Meaning-Maker,⁷⁷ the Builder,⁷⁸ [also] the Tearer,⁷⁹ Attainer,⁸⁰ Bearer,⁸¹ Beloved,⁸²

⁵⁰vodho ⁵¹or "the Son," *suto*, Skt. *śruti* 52 acalo ⁵³mudito ⁵⁴asito. BJTS reads adito (?), gloss utqataya (?) ⁵⁵reading dhātā with BJTS for PTS tātā ("the Protector" "the Savior") ⁵⁶reading *dhatā* with BJTS for PTS *tantā* ("the Thread") ⁵⁷hantā ⁵⁸kattā ⁵⁹netā ⁶⁰paksitā ⁶¹sampahaŋsitā ⁶²bhottā, BITS reads bhettā ("the Breaker") ⁶³chettā ⁶⁴sotā ⁶⁵pasaŋsitā ⁶⁶akhilo ⁶⁷visālo. BJTS reads visallo ("Free of Pain") ⁶⁸anīqho ⁶⁹akathankathī, ilt. "not saying, 'why'?" ⁷⁰anejo ⁷¹virajo ⁷²khattā. BJTS reads khantā ("Meek" "Docile") ⁷³reading *gantā* with BITS for PTS *gandhā* ("Scented") ⁷⁴reading vattā with BJTS for PTS mettā ("Love") ⁷⁵pakāsitā ⁷⁶tāretā ⁷⁷reading *atthakāretā* with BJTS (and PTS alt.) for PTS repetition of *tāretā* ("the Crosser") ⁷⁸kāretā ⁷⁹sampadāletā, BJTS sampadālitā ⁸⁰pāpetā ⁸¹sahitā, or "Endurer" ⁸²reading *kantā* with BJTS for PTS repetition of *hantā*, which both texts read as the next word in

the verse

Slayer,⁸³ Energetic,⁸⁴ Ascetic,⁸⁵ (21) [5637]

Even-Minded⁸⁶ [and] Impartial,⁸⁷ Self-Dependent,⁸⁸ Home of Kindness,⁸⁹ Wonderfully Peaceful,⁹⁰ Honest,⁹¹ Doer of the Deed,⁹² Seventh Sage;⁹³ (22) [5638]

Crossed Beyond Doubt,⁹⁴ Free of Conceit,⁹⁵ the Boundless One,⁹⁶ Beyond Compare,⁹⁷ Traveled the Roads of All Sayings,⁹⁸ Attained the Truth to Know,⁹⁹ Victor.¹⁰⁰ (23) [5639]

[Buddha's] palace brings deathlessness in the best hardwood of beings;¹⁰¹ the powerful have faith in the Buddha, Teaching and Assembly." (24) [5640]

By means of virtues such as these, I did [my] preaching of *Dhamma*,¹⁰² praising amidst the multitudes the Three Worlds' Unsurpassed Refuge. (25) [5641]

Falling from there, in Tusitā, having enjoyed great happiness,

⁸³hantā

⁸⁴reading *ātāpī* with BJTS for PTS *tātâpi* ("also the Protector") ⁸⁵tāpaso, this makes nine syllables in the line, which needs to be chanted as eight by contracting "slayer" into "slair" ⁸⁶samacitto ⁸⁷'samasamo, (following BJTS Sinh. gloss; the cpd. could also be samasamo, "Always the Same" ⁸⁸asahāyo, lit., "Friendless" ⁸⁹reading dayāsayo (and following gloss) with BJTS for PTS dayāyaso ("famous for kindness" "kind-famed") ⁹⁰accherasanto ⁹¹*akuho*, lit., "free of deceit" "upright" ⁹²katāvī, i.e. an arahant, one who has done what should be done ⁹³isisattamo 94 nittinnakankho ⁹⁵nimmāno ⁹⁶*appameyya*, lit., "not to be measured" ⁹⁷*anupama*, lit., "he for whom there is no metaphor" ⁹⁸sabbavākyapathātīto, lit., "he for whom the roads of all sayings are in the past" ⁹⁹saccaneyyantago, lit., "he who has gone to the end of truths to be understood [or instructed, led carried, guided (gerund of *neti*)]" ¹⁰⁰iino ¹⁰¹sattasāravare. BJTS construes this as modifying the palace, but the Pāli seems to me more ambiguous than that. Cf. the use of *sattasāra*° as a Buddha-epithet in v. [5887] and [6287] ¹⁰²reading akam dhammakatham aham with BJTS for PTS ahan dhammakathan ahan ("I Dhammapreaching I")

falling from there, among people, I'm born with a very good scent. (26) [5642]

My wind,¹⁰³ the fragrance of my mouth, likewise too [my] body odor, and the scent of [my] sweat, always surpasses¹⁰⁴ all [other] perfumes. (27) [5643]

My mouth-fragrance always is of pink [and] blue lotus and jasmine. And so too my body[-odor], always blowing very calmly.¹⁰⁵ (28) [5644]

All of you, minds concentrated, listen to my [words], I'll extol all of that most amazing fruit for one who [praised] virtue's value.¹⁰⁶ (29) [5645]

Having told the Buddha's virtues with kindness when people gather, bound up with a honey-sweet sound,¹⁰⁷ I am happy in every place, (30) [5646]

famous, happy, [also] held dear, splendorous, lovely to look at, a speaker, not disregarded, free of faults and also [most] wise. (31) [5647]

When life ends,¹⁰⁸ nirvana's easy to reach for Buddha's devotees. I'm telling the cause of their [ease]; listen to that¹⁰⁹ [now] truthfully: (32) [5648]

¹⁰⁵BJTS reads *ādisanto* ("announcing") for *atisanto*

¹⁰⁷the fourth (in translation third) foot of the text seems to be corrupt. IPTS reads *rasad-dhovisamāyuto*, "bound up with the pure taste." BJTS reads (typographical error?) *saradvad-hanisamāyuto* (= *rasadhvanisaāmyuto* ?). In both cases the alts. are even more uncertain. I translate the BJTS Sinhala gloss, *madhura svaradhvani yukta vūyem* (- *mihirihaddha ättem*), "i becoming bound with the sweet sound (I have a sweet sound)"

¹⁰⁸reading khiņe ayusi with BJTS for PTS khiņ' ev' āyu pi ("life is certainly destroyed too")
 ¹⁰⁹lit., "all of you listen to that" (2nd pers. pl. imp.)

¹⁰³nissāso, following BJTS gloss māgē piļataļa heļana vātaya ("the wind that I throw down/cast away to my exterior")

¹⁰⁴reading *sabbagandhe 'tiseti* (= atisayati) with BJTS for PTS sabbagandho ti seti ("it lies down 'all good scents' ") and following BJTS SInhala gloss

¹⁰⁶reading guṇatthavassa sabbaṃ taṃ phalaṃ tu paramambhūtaṃ with BJTS for PTS guṇatthavassapupphan tan phalan tu param abbhutaŋ ("that fruit which is extremely miraculous flowering in the meaning of virtue" [?]), and followed BJTS gloss: buddha guṇakitiyāge ē siyalu vipāka atiśaya vismayajanaka ya.

I saluted in due form the Blessed One's fame for peacefulness. Because of that I am famous¹¹⁰ [when] I am reborn here and there. (33) [5649]

[I] am happy because¹¹¹ I praised the Buddha who ends suffering,¹¹² [and] peaceful, unconditioned Truth,¹¹³ giving happiness to beings. (34) [5650]

Declaring the Buddha's virtue, bound up with joy in the Buddha, I made¹¹⁴ [him] dear to self and to others; therefore I am held dear. (35) [5651]

Overcoming evil rivals¹¹⁵ in the rival-strewn¹¹⁶ people-flood, praising¹¹⁷ virtue I lit up the Leader; therefore I'm splendorous. (36) [5652]

Telling¹¹⁸ the Sambuddha's virtue, I made him lovely to people,¹¹⁹ as is the moon in the autumn;¹²⁰ therefore I'm¹²¹ lovely to look at. (37) [5653]

With all [my] words I praised Buddha,¹²² to the extent [I] was able;¹²³ therefore I speak eloquently,¹²⁴ [and] have diverse intelligence. (38) [5654]

With the great Teaching I restrained those fools who, afflicted with doubt,¹²⁵

¹¹⁰vasassī

¹¹¹lit., "therefore [I] am happy" ¹¹²dukkhantakaranan Buddhan, lit "the Buddha who makes an end to suffering" ¹¹³*dhammaŋ*, or "Teaching" ¹¹⁴ janavaŋ, lit., "I produced" ¹¹⁵or "heretics": kutitthiye ¹¹⁶reading titthikākinne with BITS for PTS titthikākinno ("I am strewn with rivals") ¹¹⁷vadanto, lit., "saying," "telling" ¹¹⁸reading vadam with BJTS (and PTS alt.) for PTS varan ("excellent") ¹¹⁹reading janassa with BJTS (and PTS alts.) for PTS °jinassa ("of the Victor") 120 reading sarado va sasanko 'ham with BJTS for PTS saran divasasanko 'han ("I am the moon in the day for a lake" [?]) ¹²¹lit.. "I was" ¹²²lit., "the Well-Gone-One," sugatan

¹²³yathāsattivasena

¹²⁴*vāqīso*, "[I am one] with mastery of speech"

¹²⁵reading vimatippattā with BJTS for PTS vimatin pattā, though the latter conveys (somewhat

treat the Sage So Great with contempt; therefore I'm not disregarded. (39) [5655]

Through the virtues of the Buddha, I drove¹²⁶ out beings' defilements. I am [now] free of defilements, as a result of that karma. (40) [5656]

A preacher who recalls Buddha, I brought Buddha to listeners. Therefore I'm endowed with wisdom, contemplating subtle meanings. (41) [5657]

All [my] defilements are destroyed; [I've] crossed the ocean of being.¹²⁷ Like fire, [I] have no attachments; I will realize nirvana. (42) [5658]

Within just this [present] aeon since I [thus] praised [him], the Buddha, I've come to know no bad rebirth: that's the fruit of praising Buddhas. (43) [5659]

My defilements are [now] burnt up; all [new] existence is destroyed. Like elephants with broken chains, I am living without constraint. (44) [5660]

Being in Best Buddha's presence was a very good thing for me. The three knowledges are attained; [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (45) [5661]

The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (46) [5662]

Thus indeed Venerable Sugandha Thera spoke these verses.

The legend of Sugandha Thera is finished.

The Summary:

Tinada and Pecchada¹²⁸ too,

ungrammatically) the same sense

 ¹²⁶reading apades' aham with BJTS (and PTS alt.) for PTS apanin (same meaning, fr. apaneti)
 ¹²⁷tinnasamsārasāgaro

¹²⁸BJTS reads mañcado ("Mañcada")

Saraṇ', Abbhañjanappada, Pūpatī¹²⁹ and Daṇḍadāyī, and likewise tooNelapūjī, Bodhisammajak',¹³⁰ Āmaṇḍa, and tenth Sugandha, a brahmin. Altogether counted here are one hundred twenty-three verses.

The Tiṇadāyaka Chapter, the Fifty-Third

 ¹²⁹BJTS reads supațo ("Supața")
 ¹³⁰this is the BJTS reading for PTS bodhisammajako ("Bodhisammajaka")