Padumakūṭāgāriya

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[392. {395.}1 Padumakūṭāgāriya2]

Piyadassi, the Blessed One, the Self-Become One, World-Leader, Solitude-Lover, Sambuddha, Skilled in Meditation, was Sage. (1) [3726]

Entering³ a grove in the woods, Piyadassi, the Sage So Great, spreading out [his] robe made of rags, sat down, the Ultimate Person. (2) [3727]

I was a deer-hunter back then, within a grove in the forest.⁴
I was wandering around⁵ back then, searching for a spotted⁶ deer. (3) [3728]

[Then] I saw the Sambuddha there, Flood-Crosser, the Undefiled One, like a regal sal tree in bloom, like the risen hundred-rayed [sun]. (4) [3729]

Having seen [him], the God of Gods, Piyadassi, the Great-Famed One, entering a natural lake, I brought [some] lotuses back then. (5) [3730]

After bringing [those] lotuses, hundred-petaled [and] beautiful, having built a gabled hut, I [then] covered [it] with lotuses. (6) [3731]

Pitier, Compassionate One, Piyadassi, the Sage So Great, seven nights and days the Buddha, Victor, dwelt in [that] gabled hut. (7) [3732]

Throwing out the old [lotuses,] I covered it with new ones [then].

 $^{^1}$ Apadāna numbers provided in {fancy brackets} correspond to the BJTS edition, which contains more individual poems than does the PTS edition dictating the main numbering of this translation.

²"Pink Lotus Gabled-Hut-er"

³taking samogayha as grnd. of samugaṇhāti, should be samuggayha, BJTS glosses pavisi, "he entered," and I follow suit, unclear how "seized" or "taken" would apply here.

⁴reading vipine with BJTS for PTS irine ('in the desert")

⁵reading āhiṇḍāmi with BJTS for PTS ahiṇḍāmi, "not wandering about"

⁶pasadaŋ = pasataŋ (RD pasata 1)

I stood [there] for that entire time, hands pressed together [in worship]. (8) [3733]

RIsing up from meditation, Piyadassi, the Sage So Great, looking out in [all] directions the Leader of the World sat down. (9) [3734]

At that time Sudassana⁷ was [Buddha's] powerful attendant. Knowing the thoughts of the Buddha, of Piyadassi, the Teacher, surrounded by [accomplished] monks [whose number was] eighty thousand, he went up to the World-Leader, seated happily in the woods.⁸ (10-11) [3735-3736]

All the gods who were residing throughout [that] grove in the forest, knowing the thoughts of the Buddha, then assembled together [there]. (12) [3737]

When the spirits,⁹ the *kumbhaṇḍas* and the demons¹⁰ came together, and the monks' Assembly arrived, the Victor uttered [these] verses: (13) [3738]

"He who worshipped¹¹ me for a week and made a residence for me, I shall relate details of him; [all of] you listen to my words: (14) [3739]

I shall relate through [my] knowledge what's very hard to point out, deep, very subtle and well-explained; [all of] you listen to my words: (15) [3740]

For fourteen aeons [this one] will exercise rule over the gods.
They will carry up in the sky a lofty gabled hut for him, [well-]covered with lotus flowers:

⁷"Good to Look At." lit., "the one named Sudassana"

⁸vanante, "within the forest"

⁹yakkhesu

¹⁰rakkhase

¹¹lit., "did pūjā"

that's the fruit of former karma. (16) $[3741]^{12}$

For twenty-four hundred¹³ aeons he will transmigrate here and there.¹⁴ A flying mansion¹⁵ made of blooms¹⁶ will be carried in the sky there. (17) [3742]

Just as water does not stick to [the surface] of a lotus-leaf, so defilements do not stick to [a possessor] of this knowledge. (18) [3743]

This one, after shattering¹⁷ the five obstacles¹⁸ with [his own] mind, giving birth to the intention,¹⁹ setting out from home he'll renounce; after that the floral mansion will set forth [too], being carried. (18e-f, 19) [3744]²⁰ When [he's] dwelling beneath a tree, [or] when his mindfulness is sharp,²¹ there [that] mansion made of flowers will be carried over [his] head. (20) [3745]

Having given robes and alms-food, requisites and dwelling places to the Assembly of the monks,²² he'll reach nirvana, undefiled." (21) [3746]

¹²PTS and BJTS agree in presenting this as a six-footed verse

¹³the figure should be eighteen hundred aeons, as Piyadassi is stated below to have lived eighteen hundred aeons ago. I don't know how to make sense of this prediction of a future of twenty-four hundred aeons for the protagonist, since the point of the poem is that eighteen hundred aeons after Piyadassi he became an arahant (in the dispensation of Gotama Buddha). But the Pāli is clear, so I leave the discrepancy to stand. The protagonist does after all admit that the kalpas he's lived are "innumerable by counting."

¹⁴vokinnan, lit., "strewn about." I follow BITS Sinhala gloss (oba moba) in this translation

¹⁵vyamham

¹⁶pupphamayan

¹⁷vivaṭṭetvā, "causing to be turn away," "destroying"

¹⁸ pañcanivāraṇe. five obstacles to arahantship. RD: "kāmacchanda, abhijjhā-vyāpāda, thīnamiddha, uddhacca-kukkucca, vicikicchā," i.e., attraction to sense pleasures, acting badly due to covetousness, sloth and torpor, flurry and worry, doubt.

¹⁹lit., "thought," "mind," cittan janetvā

²⁰PTS connects the first two feet of this verse with the previous one, which it (unlike BJTS) presents as six-footed, BJTS makes these the first two feet of the present, six-footed verse. I follow BJTS here.

²¹nipakassa satīmato

²²bhikkhusanghassa

Through actions²³ with the gabled hut, I went forth to ordination;²⁴ when [I'm] dwelling beneath a tree, the gabled hut's carried [for me]. (22) [3747]

Intentions don't exist in me [for getting] robes or²⁵ food as alms. In connection with [my] karma,²⁶ I get [both] already prepared. (23) [3748]

I've lived²⁷ many million²⁸ aeons, innumerable by counting. They've elapsed [for me] emptily;²⁹ the World-Leaders have been set free.³⁰ (24) [3749]

Eighteen hundred aeons [ago] [lived] the Guide named Piyadassi. Having served him attentively,³¹ I came into this [present] womb. (25) [3750]

Here³² I saw³³ Sambuddha named Anoma,³⁴ the One with [Five] Eyes. Having [then] gone up to him, I went forth into the homeless life. (26) [3751]

The Buddha, Ender of Dis-ease,³⁵ the Victor preached the path to me. Having listened to his Teaching, I realized the deathless state. (27) [3752]

Having pleased [him], the Sambuddha, Gotama, Bull of the Śākyas,

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<sup>23</sup>caraṇā, BJTS caratā
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²⁴pabbajjaŋ abhinikkhamiŋ

²⁵lit., "and," ca

²⁶lit., "with [my] meritorious karma"

²⁷lit., "to me [there have been]"

²⁸lit., "many ten million," i.e., "many kotis"

²⁹rittikā te atikkantā

³⁰reading pamuttā with BJTS (and PTS alt.) for PTS pavuttā. The sense of the verse — which I admit to finding cryptic — seems to be, as BJTS gloss gives it, that this vast expanse of time was empty in the absence of Buddhas, who in achieving nirvana let go of (were not present in) the world.

³¹tam ahan payirūpāsitvā

³²reading idha° with BJTS for PTS tam

³³addassāsin, BJTS reads addasāsim

³⁴read "Gotama," as below? Or read *Anomaŋ nāma* as "certainly Supreme/Not Inferior" rather than "named Anoma"? The latter is however the BJTS gloss, and I translate accordingly.

³⁵dukkhass' antakaro Buddho

knowing well all the defilements, I am [now] living, undefiled. [3753]

In the eighteen hundred aeons since I worshipped³⁶ the Buddha [then], I've come to know no bad rebirth: that's the fruit of Buddha-pūjā. (29) [3754]

My defilements are [now] burnt up; all [new] existence is destroyed. All defilements are exhausted; now there will be no more rebirth. (30) [3755]

My being in Buddha's presence was a very good thing for me.
The three knowledges are attained;
[I have] done what the Buddha taught! (31) [3756]

The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (32) [3757]

Thus indeed Venerable Padumakūṭāgāriya Thera spoke these verses.

The legend of Padumakūṭāgāriya Thera is finished.

³⁶ lit., "did pūjā"