Ankolapupphiya

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[362. {365.}¹ Ańkolapupphiya²]

The Sambuddha named Paduma dwelt on Cittakūṭa³ back then. Having seen him I [then] approached the Buddha, the Self-Become One. (1) [3195]

Seeing an *aṅkola* flower, I collected⁴ [it] at that time. Approaching the Sambuddha, I worshipped⁵ the Victor, Paduma. (2) [3196]

In the thirty-one aeons since I did *pūjā* [with] that flower, I've come to know no bad rebirth: that's the fruit of Buddha-*pūjā*. (3) [3197) The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (4) [3198]

Thus indeed Venerable Ańkolapupphiya Thera spoke these verses.

The legend of Aṅkolapupphiya Thera is finished.

 $^{^{1}}$ Apadāna numbers provided in {fancy brackets} correspond to the BJTS edition, which contains more individual poems than does the PTS edition dictating the main numbering of this translation.

²"Ankola-Flower-er." The ankola (Sinh. rukangana; Alangium hexapetalum, a.k.a. sage-leaved alangium) is a flowering tree. Cf. #195, #226.

³a mountain in the Himalayas. DPPN says it is "generally identified with Kāmptanāthgiri in Bundelkhand, an isolated hill on the Paisunī or Mandākinī River."

⁴lit., "plucked"

⁵lit., "did pūjā to"