Punnāgapupphiya

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Published by Jonathan S. Walters and Whitman College

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Printed August 2022

## {\*333, BJTS only: Punnāgapupphiya<sup>1</sup>}

Plunging into a forest grove, I [lived there as] a hunter [then]. Seeing a laurel tree<sup>2</sup> in bloom, I called to mind the Best Buddha. [2944]

Having plucked a flower [from it,] well-perfumed [and] scented with scents, having made a stupa of sand,<sup>3</sup> I offered [it] to the Buddha. [2945]

In the ninety-two aeons since I did that flower-*pūjā* [then], I've come to know no bad rebirth: that's the fruit of Buddha-*pūjā*. [2946]

In the ninety-first aeon [hence] lived [a ruler], Tamonuda,<sup>4</sup> a wheel-turning king with great strength, possessor of the seven gems. [2947]

The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! [2948]

Thus indeed Venerable Punnāgapupphiya Thera spoke these verses.

The legend of Punnāgapupphiya Thera is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Punnāga-Flower-er," punnāga being a type of flowering tree (Sinhala domba), Alexandrian laurel. Like the previous one, this apadāna already has been given verbatim above, as #159 [vv. 2038-2042], apparently being supplied again here to fulfill the colophonic expectation of an apadāna so-named at this juncture in the text

²punnāga

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>lit., "in sand"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>= tama (darkness) plus ūna-da (less, reduced)?