## Sālapupphiya

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## [233. Sālapupphiya<sup>1</sup>]

In Aruṇavatī city
I was a cake-maker² back then.
I saw Sikhi [Buddha], Victor,
traveling³ through a gate⁴ of mine. (1) [2432]

Having taken the Buddha's bowl with a mind which was very clear, I gave a *sal* flower [to him], Buddha, Highest-Point-Attainer. (2) [2433]

In the thirty-one aeons since I donated sweet-meats<sup>5</sup> to him, I've come to know no bad rebirth: that's the fruit of a *sal* flower. (3) [2434]

In the fourteenth aeon ago I was [named] Amitañjala,<sup>6</sup> a wheel-turning king with great strength, possessor of the seven gems. (4) [2435]

The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (5) [2436]

Thus indeed Venerable Sālapupphiya Thera spoke these verses.

The legend of Sālapupphiya Thera is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>"Sal-Flower-er" Sal, Pāli sāla, is shorea robusta

²taking pūvika from pūva, cake (Sinh. kawum, oil cakes made of sugar and rice flour)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>lit., "going"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>or "door," dvārena

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>khajja, edible solid food, sweets. This is what one would expect the donation from a cake-maker to be, even though the previous verse — and his name — emphasize *sal* flowers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>"Unlimited Salutation," taking °añjala from añjalī, pressing the hands together in reverence.