## Pañcasīlasamādāniya

Copyright © 2022 Jonathan S. Walters.

Published by Jonathan S. Walters and Whitman College

http://www.apadanatranslation.com

Licensed under the Attribution, Non-Commercial, Share Alike (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) license (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/).

Printed August 2022

## [24. Pañcasīlasamādāniya<sup>1</sup>]

In the city, Candavatī,<sup>2</sup>
I was a servant-man back then.
Bound in the service of others
I could not renounce the world [yet]: (1) [948]

"Being shrouded in great blindness I'm being scorched by the three fires.<sup>3</sup> By what strategy might I then be set free [from this samsara]? (2) [949]

I lack the things to be given; I am a miserable servant. Why then don't I guard and fulfill the five [basic] moral precepts? (3) [950]

Nisabha is a follower of the Sage, Anomadassi. Having approached him I'll adopt the five moral training precepts." (4) [951]

In those days the normal lifespan was [full] one hundred thousand years. For all that time I did protect the five moral precepts fully. (5) [952]

When the time for [my] death arrived the gods [all then] consoled me [thus]: "Happy one, [you will] be served [by] this one-thousand-horse chariot." (6) [953]

In my heart, as I breathed my last,<sup>4</sup> I recalled those [five] moral rules. Through that karma which was done well I went on to Tāvatiṃsa. (7) [954]

Thirty times as the king of gods
I exercised divine rule [there].
Anointed by celestial nymphs
I enjoyed [much] divine pleasure. (8) [955]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>"Accepter of the FIve Moral Precepts"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>see DPPN I:851; the city is only "known" to have existed during the time of previous Buddhas (and during the previous lives of Gotama Buddha).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>cty here explains these as the fires of *rāga* (lust), *dosa* (anger) and *moha* (ignorance, folly)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>lit., "as the last was taking place"

[Fully] five hundred times I ruled as a monarch who turns the wheel, [and I did have] much local rule innumerable by counting. (9) [956]

Falling down from the world of gods, incited by [my] wholesome roots, I was born in a rich family with a big house in Vesāli.<sup>5</sup> (10) [957]

When the rainy season started, the Victor's dispensation shined. My mother and my father too took on the five moral precepts. (11) [958]

And I, hearing [that word] "moral" recalled my [past] morality.
I sat down on a single seat
[and] attained [my] arahantship. (12) [959]

Though I was [only] five years old I attained [my] arahantship.
Knowing virtue the Eyeful One, the Buddha [then] ordained [me there]. (13) [960]

Having perfectly protected those five [basic] moral precepts, for aeons beyond measure I went to no place of suffering. (14) [961]

That I experienced [great] fame due to those [five] moral precepts.

Talking for ten million aeons

I still could tell but part of it.<sup>6</sup> (15) [962]

Guarding the five moral precepts I received the three [good] results:<sup>7</sup> I had long life, abundant food and developed piercing wisdom. (16) [963]

[My] outstanding human action is [now] proclaimed to everyone. Transmigrating from birth to birth

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>lit., "in the city of Vesāli"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>I follow the cty in understaṇḍing desaka (ordinarily teacher, lecturer) as "only one part" (ekakotthāsam eva).

<sup>7</sup>lit., "causes" or bases for good or bad action. The BJTS Sinhala gloss is anusas (karmic results)

I obtain those [three good results].8 (17) [964]

If a pupil of the Victor should [thus] delight throughout his lives in the limitless moral rules, what might [his] result [then] be like? (18) [965]

The five precepts<sup>9</sup> were practiced well by me, a wise servant-man [then]. Due to that moral discipline today I'm freed<sup>10</sup> from every bond. (19) [966]

I guarded the five moral rules uncountable aeons ago. I've come to know no bad rebirth: that's the fruit of the five precepts. [967]

The four analytical modes, and these eight deliverances, six special knowledges mastered, [I have] done what the Buddha taught! (21) [968]

Thus indeed Venerable Pañcasīlasamādāniya Thera spoke these verses.

The legend of Pañcasīlasamādāniya Thera is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>lit., "I obtain those places".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>pañcasīlān':

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>reading mocayim (BJTS) for pothayin (PTS).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>pañcasīle: to practice restraint from taking life, taking what is not given, sexual misconduct, false speech and becoming careless through the use of alcohol.